Q.29 Differentiate 1) flagella and fimbriae,2) Prokaryotic cell and Eukaryotic cell.	No. of Printed Pages : 4 Roll No	
Q.30 Describe the bacterial growth curve.	1st Sem. / DMLT	
Q.31 What is culture media. Explain different types of culture media.	Subject : Clinical Microbiology-I Time : 3 Hrs. M.M. : 100 SECTION-A	
Q.32 Explain disc diffusion antibiotic sensitivity technique.		
SECTION-D	Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)	
Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any three questions out of four questions. (3x10=30)	Q.1 Culture containing single kind of microorganism is known as	
Q.33 Define sterilization. Explain the various physical methods of sterilization.	Q.2 The microorganisms which require high temperature for growth are known as	
Q.34 Describe the principle, procedure and observations of the following biochemical tests.	Q.3 preparation is used for demonstration of motility.	
a) Indole test b) Hanging drop test Q.35 Give the principle, procedure and observation	Q.4 For sterilization of glassware in hot air oven usual temperature is	
of AFB staining. Q.36 Draw a labelled diagram of bacterial cell.	Q.5is the common medium, used for cultivation of bacteria in laboratory.	
Explain its parts.	Q.6is the organ of adhesion.	
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Q.7	Cocci arranged in chains are cal	led	Q.19	What is peritrichate.
Q.8	Death rate equal growth rate in phase of growth batch in culture.		Q.20	Classify the bacteria on the basis of their gaseous requirement.
Q.9	The mordant used in Gra	m staining is	Q.21	Give the principle of fluorescent microscope.
	·		Q.22	Name the staining reagents used in Albert stain.
Q.10	Microbes which grow in absenc called	e of oxygen are		SECTION-C
	SECTION-B		Note	:Short answer type questions. Attempt any eight questions out of ten questions. (8x5=40)
Note	:Very short answer type question ten questions out of twelve quest	• •	Q.23	Give the principle and procedure of Gram staining.
Q.11	Q.11 Give the full form of -SS Agar & MR.		Q.24	Explain Koch's postulates.
Q.12 Define microbiology.		Q.25 Draw a labelled diagram of bacterial cell		
Q.13 Write any 2 safety precautions while working in the microbiology laboratory.		while working in	Explain its cellwall in detail.	
			Q.26 Explain the principle and procedure and	
Q.14	What is inoculation.		observation of catalase test.	
Q.15	Q.15 Define disinfectant with example.		Q.27 What is microscope. Explain its parts with	
Q.16 Give the interpretation of result of Albert stain.		labelled diagram.		
Q.17 Draw a labelled diagram of flagella.		Q.28	Give the principle of dark field and fluorescent microscope.	
Q.18	Give any two importance of micro			
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